IN THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Currently Amended) An image forming optical system eomprising consisting essentially of, in order from an object side;
- a first lens, wherein the first lens which is a positive meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward an object side;

an aperture stop;

- a second lens, wherein the second lens which is a meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward an image side;
- a third lens, wherein the third lens which is a positive meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward the image side;; and
- a fourth lens, wherein the fourth lens which is a negative lens having at least one aspherical surface.
- 2. (Currently Amended) An image forming optical system according to claim 1 comprising, in order from an object side:
- a first lens, wherein the first lens is a positive meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward an object side;

an aperture stop;

a second lens, wherein the second lens is a meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward an image side:

a third lens, wherein the third lens is a positive meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward the image side; and

a fourth lens, wherein the fourth lens is a negative lens, wherein at least one of surfaces of the fourth lens is aspherical and the following condition is satisfied:

 $-2.0 < \Phi m/\Phi p < 0$

where Φm represents the a power of the fourth lens at the a position of the a maximum light ray height and Φp represents the a power of the fourth lens at the a paraxial position of the praxis. Here, the power ϕ_m of the lens at the position with the maximum light height is defined as follows. It is being given by $\Phi m = \tan \xi / H m$, when a parallel light is entered to the maximum light height where Hm of the lens to be an object represents the

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maximum ray height at the fourth lens, and ξ represents an inclination angle of a ray incident at the position of the maximum ray height Hm as the ray emerges from the fourth lens, out of parallel rays traveling from the an object-side infinite point of the object side, and an inclined angle after passing through the lens is ξ .

3. (Original) An image forming optical system according to claim 1, wherein the third lens and the fourth lens are composed of plastic material and the following condition is satisfied:

$$15.0 < v3 - v4 < 40.0$$

where v 3 represents Abbe's number of the third lens and v 4 represents Abbe's number of the fourth lens.

4. (Currently Amended) An image forming optical system according to claim 1, satisfying the following condition:

where rlf represents a radius of curvature at the object side of an object-side surface of the first lens, and f represents a focal length of the whole optical system.

5. (Original) An image forming optical system according to claim 1, satisfying the following conditions:

where f123 represents a composite focal length of the first lens, the second lens and the third lens, and f represents a focal length of the whole optical system.

6. (Original) An image forming optical system according to claim 1, satisfying the following condition:

where fl represents a focal length of the first lens, and f234 represents a composite focal length of the second lens, the third lens and the fourth lens.

7. (Currently Amended) An image forming optical system according to claim 1 comprising, in order from an object side:

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a first lens, wherein the first lens is a positive meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward an object side;

an aperture stop:

a second lens, wherein the second lens is a meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward an image side;

a third lens, wherein the third lens is a positive meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward the image side; and

a fourth lens, wherein the fourth lens is a negative lens, satisfying the following condition:

where EXP represents a distance of to an exit pupil from an image surface and f is a focal length of the whole image forming optical system.

8. (Currently Amended) An image forming optical system according to claim 1 comprising, in order from an object side:

a first lens, wherein the first lens is a positive meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward an object side;

an aperture stop:

a second lens, wherein the second lens is a meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward an image side:

a third lens, wherein the third lens is a positive meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward the image side; and

a fourth lens, wherein the fourth lens is a negative lens, satisfying the following condition:

$$0.40[1/\mu m] < Fno/P[\mu m] < 2.20[1/\mu m]$$

where *Fno* represents a fully opened F number of the image forming optical system, and *P* represents a pixel interval of an imaging image pickup element arranged at on the image side of the fourth lens.

9. (Currently Amended) An image forming optical system according to claim 1 comprising, in order from an object side:

a first lens, wherein the first lens is a positive meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward an object side:

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an aperture stop;

a second lens, wherein the second lens is a meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward an image side;

a third lens, wherein the third lens is a positive meniscus lens having a convex surface directed toward the image side: and

a fourth lens, wherein the fourth lens is a negative lens, satisfying the following condition:

where TL represents a total length of the image forming optical system and ML represents the a minimum axial thickness on the axis of a plastic lens composing lenses included in the image forming optical system.

- 10. (Original) An electronic apparatus equipped with the image forming optical system according to claim 1.
- 11. (New) An electronic apparatus equipped with the image forming optical system according to claim 2.
- 12. (New) An electronic apparatus equipped with the image forming optical system according to claim 7.
- 13. (New) An electronic apparatus equipped with the image forming optical system according to claim 8.
- 14. (New) An electronic apparatus equipped with the image forming optical system according to claim 9.